# Determination of the ratio of MAGIC/protein in MAGIC activated protein

Component	Product size	Storage
	BP-50066	
650-LINK	1 mg	-20 °C

#### Overview

MagicLink <sup>™</sup> technology is the third generation of protein crosslinking technology and has been engineered to allow rapid conjugation of all classes of biomolecules, such as protein, antibody, enzyme, nucleic acid, etc. The proprietary chemistry is based on instant reaction between MAGIC activated biomolecule and LINK activated biomolecule. It is featured as instant conjugation reaction, almost quantitively yield, and most stable linkage on the market.

In some cases, the exact number of MAGIC per protein is need. 650-LINK offers scientists a way to estimate how many MAGIC moieties were successfully coupled to their molecules or proteins of interest.

In pH 7-9.0, 650-LINK instantly reacts with MAGIC-activated protein to form 650 conjugates. By following the easy protocol below, scientists can calculate the ratio of MAGIC/ protein which is the ratio of dye per protein.

# Sample Experimental Protocol

- 1. Reconstitute 650-LINK vial with 100  $\mu l$  DMSO.
- 2. Add 20X reconstituted 650-LINK (MW ~1800 g/mol) to mol of MAGIC-protein sample in PBS buffer. (Alternatively, use 20 μl of reconstituted 650-LINK solution for every 100 μg of MAGIC activated protein).
- 3. Mix, incubate at room temperature for 1 hour.
- 4. Proceed to dye removal step to remove excess 650-LINK, and then calculation step.

# Buffer Exchange and Excess dye Removal

- 1. Remove bottom closure of Zeba Spin desalting column and loosen, but do not remove, the cap.
- 2. Place the column in a 1.5-2.0 ml collection tube. Centrifuge at 1,500 × g for 1 minute to remove storage solution.
- 3. Place a mark on the side of the column where the compacted resin is slanted upward. Place the column in the microcentrifuge with the mark facing outward in all subsequent centrifugation steps.
- 4. Add 300  $\mu$ L of 1X PBS on top of the resin bed. Centrifuge at 1,500 × g for 1 minute to remove buffer.
- 5. Repeat Step 4 two additional times, discarding buffer from the collection tube.
- 6. Transfer the column to a new collection tube, uncap to add up to 130 μl the 650 dye protein sample to the top of the compact resin bed. (Optional, for sample volumes < 70 μl apply a 15 μl of DI water or buffer to the top of the gel bed after the sample has fully absorbed to maximize sample recovery).
- 7. Centrifuge at 1,500 × g for 2 minutes to collect the sample. Discard the desalting column after use.

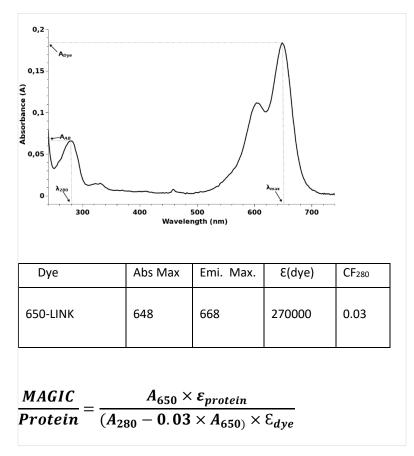


#### **PRODUCT INFORMATION SHEET**

Version: 1.0 Revision Date: 08/08/2020

### Calculation of Dye to Protein Ratio with a nanodrop UV/Vis Spectrophotometer:

- 1. Setup nanodrop spectrophotometer and blank it with water.
- 2. Load 2ul of sample and read  $A_{650}$  and A  $_{280}$  of the 650 conjugates.
- 3. Calculate the Dye to Protein Ratio by the formula below.



A<sub>650</sub>: Absorbance at 650 nm of the 650-Protein conjugates,

 $\epsilon_{\text{bio}}: \ \text{molar extinction coefficient at 280 nm of biomolecule, i.e. antibody or protein, etc.}$ 

A280: Absorbance at 280 nm of the 650-Protein conjugates,

0.03: correction factor at 280nm accounting for the absorption of the dye at 280 nm

 $\mathcal{E}_{dye}$  : molar extinction coefficient of dye 650