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# **DATASHEET**

# Fluorescent Antibody Kit Atto700

# gam IgG (H+L) Atto700

Goat-anti mouse IgG (H+L) Atto700

For Laboratory Use Only.

Not for Use in Diagnostic Processes.

### Kit Content (Cat. #: 2110-1MG)

1.0mg gam IgG (H+L) Atto700 50µg mono-anti actin Product documentation & Certificate of Analysis

#### **Product Documentation**

#### Goat anti-mouse IgG (H+L) Atto700

Goat anti-mouse IgG (H+L) is an antigen-specific antibody. Affinity purification removed essentially all goat serum proteins, including immunoglobulins not specifically binding to mouse IgG. Goat anti-mouse IgG is conjugated to Atto700 NHS (Abs.max. 700 nm; Em.max. 719 nm) and further purified by gel filtration.

Goat anti-mouse IgG (H+L) Atto700 is supplied in unit sizes of 1.0mg.

In solution: 0.5ml (2mg/ml) in 0.01M sodium phosphate, 0.1M NaCl, pH 7.4, 10mM  $NaN_3$  in 50% glycerol (fluorescence free).

Freeze dried products are reconstituted with 0.5ml glycerol buffer provided with the kit.

#### Working Dilution

Each individual user should determine the optimum working dilution empirically for the systems. Dilutions of 1:500 - 1:1500 are sufficient for many applications.

Determining the Degree of Labeling (DOL)

#### 1. Protein Concentration

Determination of the protein concentration by UV absorption measurement at 280nm (  $\epsilon_{max} = 203,000 \ M^{-1} cm^{-1}$ ).







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#### 2. Degree of Labelling

The degree of labeling (DOL or dye/protein ratio) is usually determined by absorption spectroscopy making use of the Lambert-Beer law: Absorbance (A) = extinction coefficient ( $\mathcal{E}$ ) × molar concentration × path length (d). Simply measure the UV-VIS spectrum of the conjugate in solution in a quartz cuvette. Dilute the solution, if necessary to measure within the linear range.

$$DOL = \frac{A700 \cdot 203,000}{A280 - (A700 \cdot 0.41) \cdot 120,000}$$

 $A_{700}$  = maximal absorbance at 700nm measured in a cuvette with a pathlength of 1 cm.

 $A_{280}$  = maximal absorbance at 280nm measured in a cuvette with a pathlength of 1 cm.

203,000 = molar extinction coefficient (£) at the longest-wavelength absorption maximum (M<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>-1</sup>).

 $120,000 = \text{molar extinction coefficient } (\epsilon)$  at the longest-wavelength absorption maximum (M<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>-1</sup>). 0.41 = correction factor for the fluorophore 's absorbance at 280nm.

## Storage and Stability

For continuous use, store at 2-8 °C for up to three months. For extended storage, the solution may be frozen in working aliquots at -20 °C. Frozen aliquots are stable for at least six months. Avoid repeated freeze/thawing. If slight turbidity occurs upon prolonged storage, clarify the solution by centrifugation before use. Protect fluorescent conjugates from light.

# Mono-anti actin

Monoclonal anti actin (98% purity) recognizes skeletal and non-muscle actin isoforms. Although isotype-classified as IgM, it reacts even to stronger with goat-anti mouse IgG. In immunofluorescence microscopy samples are fixed with methanol to detect cytoplasmic actin, while fixation with para-formaldehyde leads to nuclear actin detection (Gonsior et al., 1999).

As immunogen for mono-anti actin a profilin-actin complex from calf thymus was used, and epitope mapping localized the following sequence (Gonsior et al.): NVPAMYVAVLDSGVTHNVPIYHAIMRLDLA.

Mono-anti actin was tested on PtK2, SR-NRK, NRK-49F, L6 cells, C2C12, NIH-3T3, mouse myoblast and myotube cells.

The antibody is supplied in unit sizes of  $50\mu g$ , either in solution or freeze dried. In solution:  $50\mu l$  (1mg/ml) in 0.1M sodium phosphate, 0.1M NaCl, pH 7.4, 5mM NaN<sub>3</sub> in 50% glycerol (fluorescence free).

Freeze dried products are reconstituted with 50µl glycerol buffer provided with the kit.









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# Fluorescent Antibody Kit Atto700

#### Mono-anti actin

### Working Dilution

Each individual user should determine the optimum working dilution empirically for the systems. Dilutions of 1:100 - 1:300 with respect to the above mentioned fixation methods are sufficient for many applications.

#### Storage and Stability

For continuous use, store at 2-8 °C for up to three months. For extended storage, the solution may be frozen in working aliquots at -20 °C. Frozen aliquots are stable for at least six months. Avoid repeated freeze/thawing. If slight turbidity occurs upon prolonged storage, clarify the solution by centrifugation before use.

## Reference:

Gonsior SM, et al.: Conformational difference between nuclear and cytoplasmic actin as detected by a monoclonal antibody. J Cell Sci 112, 797-809 (1999)

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3 OF 3



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